

## A

### awk

A versatile tool for working with text files.  
Syntax: `awk [options] [script] [filename]`

## F

### find

Searches for files in a directory hierarchy.  
Syntax: `find [directory] [options] [expression]`

### ftp

Transfers files between hosts using FTP.  
Syntax: `ftp [options] [hostname]`

### free

Shows the memory usage.  
Syntax: `free [options]`

## I

### ifconfig

Configures network interfaces.  
Syntax: `ifconfig [options] [interface]`

## M

### Mkdir

Creates a new directory.  
Syntax: `mkdir [directory]`

### mount

Mounts a filesystem.  
Syntax: `mount [options] [device] [mountpoint]`

## S

### ssh

Connects to a remote host using SSH.  
Syntax: `ssh [user@]hostname [command]`

### scp

Copies files securely between hosts using SSH.  
Syntax: `scp [options] [source] [destination]`

### su

Switches to another user account.  
Syntax: `su [options] [username]`

### sudo

Executes a command with superuser privileges.  
Syntax: `sudo [options] [command]`

### ssh-keygen

Generates SSH keys for authentication.  
Syntax: `ssh-keygen [options] [keyfile]`

### systemctl

Controls the system and service manager.  
Syntax: `systemctl [options] [command]`

### sed

A stream editor for modifying files.  
Syntax: `sed [options] [script] [filename]`

### sort

Sorts lines of text.  
Syntax: `sort [options] [filename]`

### scp

Copies files between hosts securely.  
Syntax: `scp [options] [source] [destination]`

## B

### bzip2

Compresses a file.  
Syntax: `bzip2 [filename]`

### bunzip2

Decompresses a compressed file.  
Syntax: `bunzip2 [filename]`

## G

### grep

Searches for a pattern in a file.  
Syntax: `grep [options] [pattern] [filename]`

### gzip

Compresses a file.  
Syntax: `gzip [filename]`

### gunzip

Decompresses a compressed file.  
Syntax: `gunzip [filename]`

## K

### kill

Sends a signal to a process to terminate it.  
Syntax: `kill [options] [PID]`

### killall

Sends a signal to all processes with a given name.  
Syntax: `killall [options] [process name]`

## N

### netstat

Shows network connections, routing tables, and network statistics.  
Syntax: `netstat [options]`

## T

### touch

Creates a new empty file.  
Syntax: `touch [filename]`

### tail

Displays the last few lines of a file.  
Syntax: `tail [filename]`

### tar

Creates or extracts a compressed archive.  
Syntax: `tar [options] [archive-filename] [files/directories]`

### top

Displays the current system status.  
Syntax: `top`

### top

Shows the system resource usage.  
Syntax: `top [options]`

### tar

Compresses or extracts files from archive.  
Syntax: `tar [options] [archive-filename] [files/directories]`

### traceroute

Shows the network path to a host.  
Syntax: `traceroute [options] [hostname/IP address]`

### tar

Archives files and directories into single file.  
Syntax: `tar [options] [archive-filename] [files/directories]`

## C

### cd

Changes the current directory.  
Syntax: `cd [directory]`

### cp

Copies a file or directory.  
Syntax: `cp [options] [source] [destination]`

### crontab

Schedules commands to run at specified times.  
Syntax: `crontab [options] [filename]`

### cal

Shows the calendar for the current month.  
Syntax: `cal [options]`

### chmod

Changes the permissions of files and directories.  
Syntax: `chmod [options] [mode] [file/directory]`

### chown

Changes the owner of files and directories.  
Syntax: `chown [options] [owner:group] [file/directory]`

### cut

Cuts out sections from a file.  
Syntax: `cut [options] [filename]`

### curl

Transfers data from or to a server.  
Syntax: `curl [options] [url]`

## P

### pwd

Shows the current working directory.  
Syntax: `pwd`

### ps

Lists the currently running processes.  
Syntax: `ps [options]`

### ping

Tests the network connectivity to a host.  
Syntax: `ping [options] [hostname/IP address]`

### passwd

Changes the password of the current user.  
Syntax: `passwd [options] [username]`

### ping6

Tests the network connectivity to a host using IPv6.  
Syntax: `ping6 [options] [hostname/IP address]`

### paste

Combines lines from multiple files.  
Syntax: `paste [options] [filename1] [filename2]`

### patch

Applies a patch file to a file.  
Syntax: `patch [options] [original-file] [patch-file]`

### ps aux

Shows all running processes.  
Syntax: `ps aux`

## W

### wget

Downloads files from the web.  
Syntax: `wget [options] [url]`

### who

Shows all logged-in users.  
Syntax: `who`

## D

### du

Shows the disk usage of files and directories.  
Syntax: `du [options] [directory]`

### df

Shows the disk space usage of filesystems.  
Syntax: `df [options]`

### date

Shows the current date and time.  
Syntax: `date [options]`

### diff

Compares two files and shows the differences.  
Syntax: `diff [options] [file1] [file2]`

## H

### head

Displays the first few lines of a file.  
Syntax: `head [filename]`

### history

Shows the command history.  
Syntax: `history [options]`

## L

### ls

It lists the files and directories in the current directory.  
Syntax: `ls [options] [directory]`

### less

Displays the contents of a file one screen at a time.  
Syntax: `less [filename]`

## R

### rmdir

Deletes an empty directory.  
Syntax: `rmdir [directory]`

### rm

Deletes a file or directory.  
Syntax: `rm [file/directory]`

### rsync

Syncs files and directories between hosts.  
Syntax: `rsync [options] [source] [destination]`

## T

### uname

Shows system information.  
Syntax: `uname [options]`

### uptime

Shows the system uptime and load average.  
Syntax: `uptime [options]`

### unzip

Extracts files from a zip archive.  
Syntax: `unzip [options] [zip-filename]`

### uniq

Removes duplicate lines from a file.  
Syntax: `uniq [options] [filename]`

### umount

Unmounts a filesystem.  
Syntax: `umount [options] [mountpoint]`

## Z

### zip

Compresses files into a zip archive.  
Syntax: `zip [options] [zip-filename] [files/directories]`